

**IEOR 161 Operations Research II**  
**University of California, Berkeley**  
**Spring 2004**

**Midterm 1 Question 3**

- (a) (i) Let  $N(t)$  be the number of female customers when the first male customer arrives at time  $t$ .

$$E[N(t)] = \lambda t$$

$$E[\text{number of customers before first male customer}] = \int_{t=0}^{\infty} (\lambda t) \mu e^{-\lambda t} = \frac{\lambda}{\mu}$$

- (ii) Let  $M$  be the Poisson process for men arrivals, and  $W$  be the Poisson process for women arrivals.

$$Pr\{M(1) = 0, W(1) = 0\} = Pr\{M(1) = 0\}Pr\{W(1) = 0\} = e^{-\lambda \cdot 1} e^{-\mu \cdot 1} = e^{-(\lambda + \mu)}$$

- (iii) Let  $S_2$  be the 2nd male customer arrival time.

$$E[S_2] = 1 + E[Y_1 + Y_2] = 1 + \frac{2}{\lambda}$$

- (b) Let  $Y$  be the time it takes for the first man to arrive and  $X$  be that for the first woman to arrive.  $Y \sim exp(\lambda)$ ,  $X \sim exp(\mu)$

$$\begin{aligned} Pr\{Y < t | Y < X\} &= \frac{Pr\{Y < t, Y < X\}}{Pr\{Y < X\}} \\ &= \frac{Pr\{Y < X < t\} + Pr\{Y < t, X > t\}}{Pr\{Y < X\}} \\ &= \frac{\int_{x=0}^t Pr\{Y < x\} \mu e^{-\mu x} dx + (1 - e^{-\lambda t}) e^{-\mu t}}{\lambda / (\mu + \lambda)} \\ &= \frac{\int_{x=0}^t (1 - e^{-\lambda x}) \mu e^{-\mu x} dx + (1 - e^{-\lambda t}) e^{-\mu t}}{\lambda / (\mu + \lambda)} \end{aligned}$$